Conservation Security Program Comments

ATTN: David McKay

NRCS Conservation Operations Division

P.O. Box 2890

Washington, DC 20013

I am writing to suggest important changes to the USDA s proposed rules for the operation of the Conservation Security Program (CSP). I support the CSP as a nationwide conservation program focused on working farmlands and which would reward the best, and motivate the rest. As intended by Congress, the CSP should be open to all farmers in the U.S. practicing effective conservation.

First, USDA should issue a supplement to the rule, which would be open for public comment for 30 days. This should be done immediately to fix major problems with the proposed rules issued on January 2, 2004, which are not consistent with the law authorizing the CSP nor with the funding allocated by Congress making CSP an uncapped national entitlement program.

In addition,

- 1. USDAs preferred approach in the proposed rule would severely and unnecessarily prevent most farmers from gaining access to the CSP. USDA must adhere to the law, and to the recently appropriated full funding of CSP by Congress, and make CSP available nationwide to all farmers practicing effective conservation. The USDA needs to get rid of the idea of restricting sign-up for CSP to a few selected watersheds and undefined categories.
 - 2. The USDA s proposed rules fail to make anywhere close to adequate payments for environmental benefits being produced by farmers currently practicing effective conservation. The best way to secure the vital conservation of our soil and other resources is to recognize and reward it when and where it is being done. Paying the best practitioners for results is sound economics and smart policy, providing both reward and motivation. CSP base payments should be set at the local rental rates based on land capability without the 90% reduction proposed by USDA. Enhanced payments should reward the most environmentally-beneficial systems and to the maximum extent possible pay for results. The enhanced payments should not be treated as cost-share but rather as real bonuses to reward exceptional performance.
 - 3. CSP needs to recognize and reward resource-conserving crop rotations and managed rotational grazing as proven conservation farming systems that deliver environmental benefits to society. Both are specifically mentioned for enhanced payments in the CSP statute. The final rule should highlight substantial enhancement payments for these systems, as well as payments for management of existing practices.
 - 4. USDA should not penalize farmers for shifting former cropland to pasture as part of a managed grazing system. Former or potential cropland that is pastured and put into a managed rotational grazing system must receive equal payment rates to other cropland, and not the lower rate of pastureland. The rules should establish base payments based on NRCS land capability classes, not current land use.
 - 5. CSP should allow farmers with USDA-approved organic certification plans under the National Organic Program to simultaneously certify under both the National Organic Program and CSP, if they meet the standards of both. No need to tie farmers up in red tape.

Sincerely,

Blooming ton MW 5543/ Blooming ton MW 5543/ (Additional comm

(Additional comments on back)

Additional Comments:

1. NRCS is seeking comments on the idea of a one-producer, one-contract approach to CSP contracts, as a way to provide the fairest treatment of all producers and to guard against program fraud and abuse. Do you agree with this approach? Do you agree that all CSP payments should also be attributed to real persons (not various corporate or business entities)? And do you agree that the payment limits set in the law (\$20,000 per year for Tier 1, \$35,000 per year for Tier 2, and \$45,000 per year for Tier 3) should be maintained?

2. NRCS is proposing that CSP contracts in general not be renewable, except in special circumstances. The law, on the other hand, leaves it up to the farmer to decide if he or she wants to renew the contract, and USDA would renew unless the farmer was not fulfilling the contract. Do you agree that CSP contracts should be renewable, as part of an ongoing program, and not limited to one-time contracts?

3. Your additional comments on CSP and the USDA s proposed rules:

Name (if not signed on front):

Livermore Jowa Feb 19, 2004

attn: David Mc Kay

I am writing in regard to my Concern about the Conservation Lecurity Grogram. I think to make it work and he fair-that geographic sustrictions, conservation practice sestrictions, and the restraint restrictions on what kind of producers who gualify must be removed. It should be a national program available to all producers who are practicing effective conservation. It should retain high invironmental standarde, but still allow farmers to achieve these standarde while in the program. The problem is that the proposed rules adopte very low payments rates The solution would be to establish cool share rates that are on par with other U.S.DA. conservation

programe such a EOIP. This needs to be made available to all farmers and not lean toward
the large farmers or corporations. It
needs to first of all keep our air,
water & land conservation in first
place concerns as well as promote sustainable agriculture;
which the majority of family farmer
make their first priority.

Thank you for listening to

Sincerely.

Morma Hauck

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Livermore, Joua

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Sincerely,

Mary Campbell Doers-Kenyon, MN.

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police this. What mechanism of inspection would be needed to keep track and/or make farm visits to make sure farmer is fulfilling his/her contract properly?

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I betieve the proposed changes corrections to
the USDA rules one foin and man reasonable.
Give good incentives all farmons to prochise land
Moderate and for all farmons to prochise land
betwardship in an environmentally sound manner.
What's good for the gosse is good for us all!

Name (if not signed on front): MARY CAMPBELL DEER

Conservation Security Program Comments

ATTN: David McKay

NRCS Conservation Operations Division

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Washington, DC 20013

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Sincerely,
West M. Capolana

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yea, Dagree with stead limitations with the restriction of payments to natural persons. The payment limitations steam reasonable.

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Renewal should be possible, at farmer'a option.

3. Your additional comments on CSP and the USDA s proposed rules:

crop rotations and, especially, organic production.

Name (if not signed on front):